



# cBR-8 Deep Dive

The Terminator of CCAP & D3.1 CMTS

SEJOON LEE

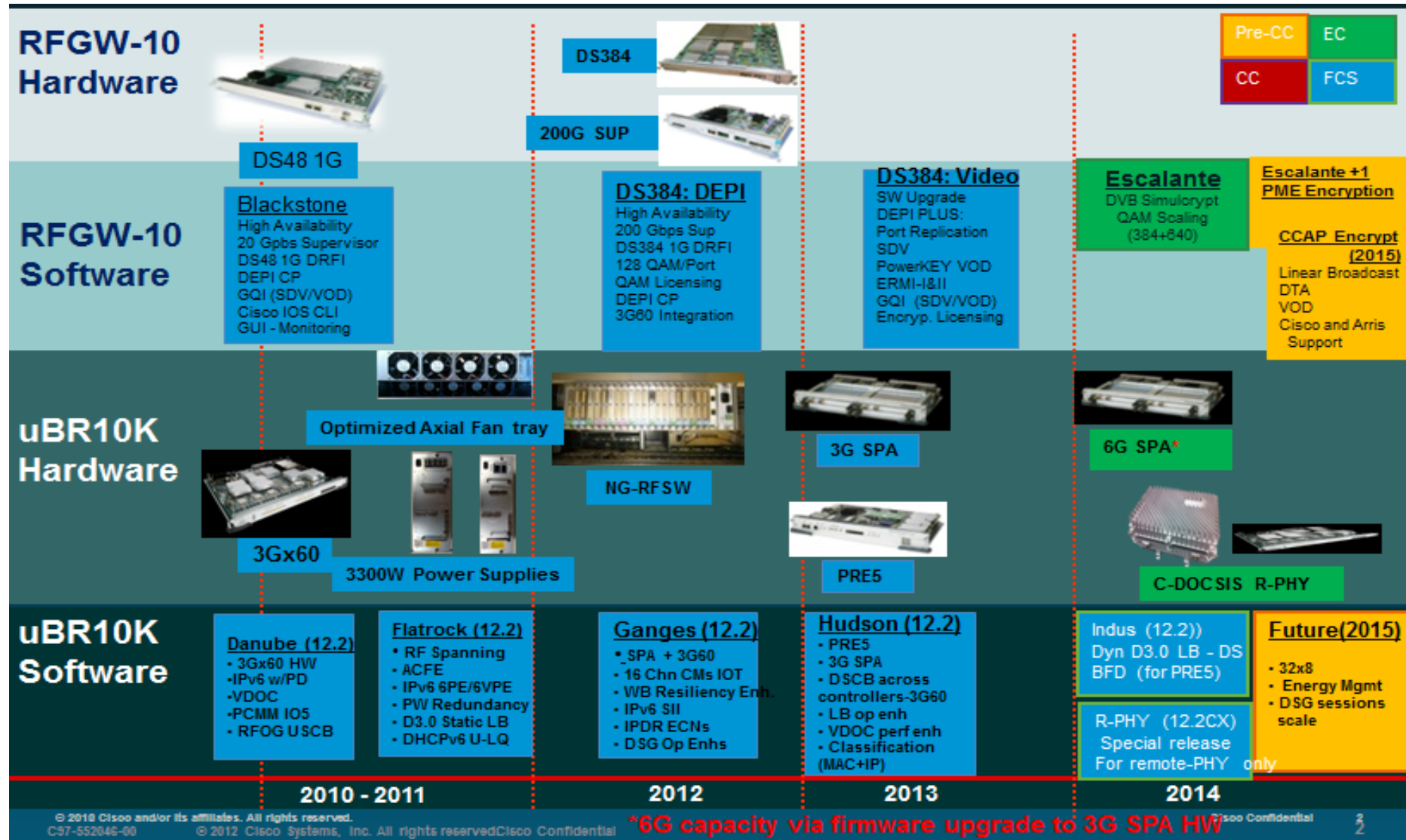
System Engineer / Global Service Provider

29 May 2015



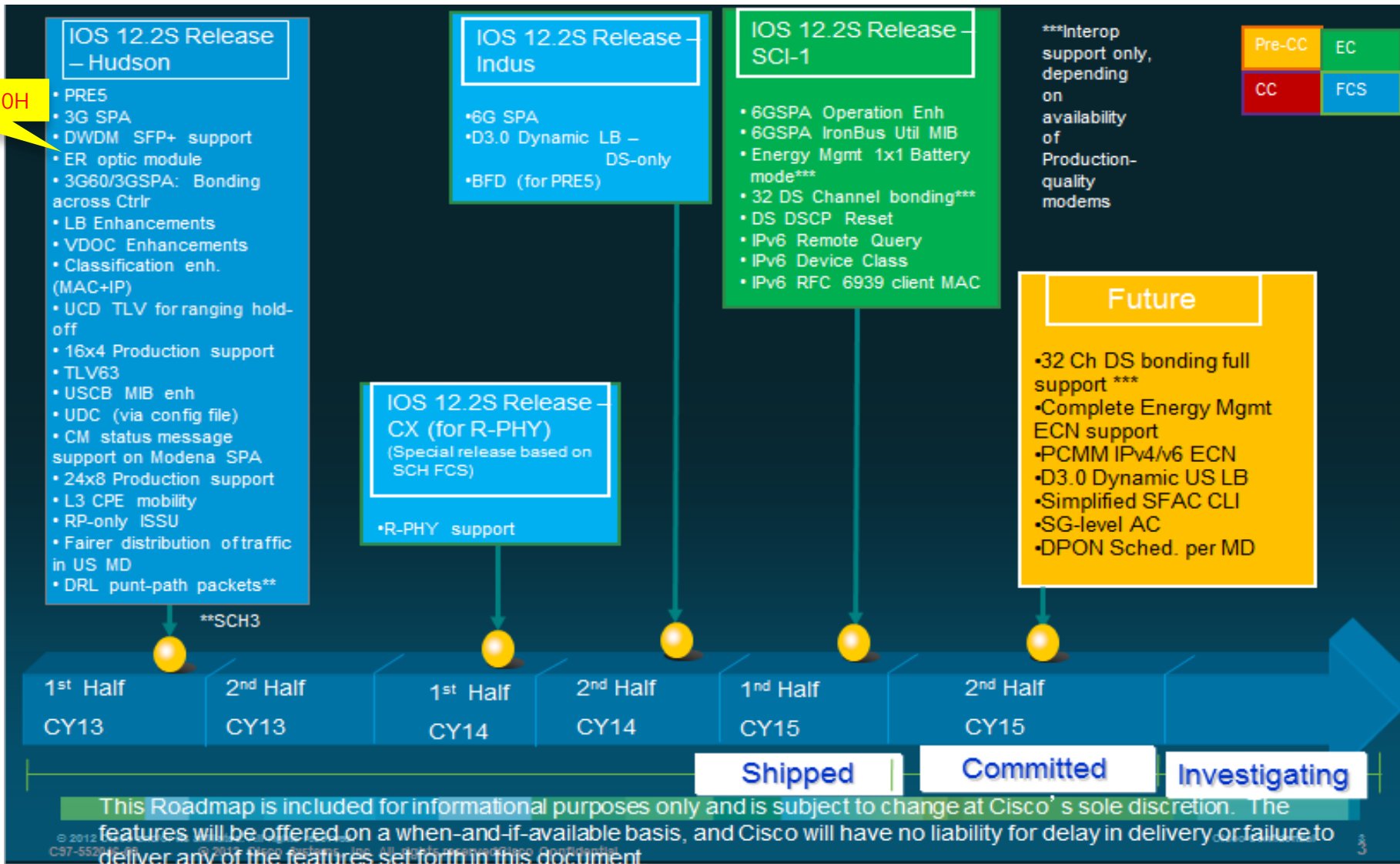
# Cisco Access Portfolio

# uBR10K/RFGW-10 Roadmap



# CMTS Software Release Roadmap

No support 5x20H



# Cisco Portfolio Strategy

Products

End to End Technology and Connectivity

SDN Applications Suite

- RF Plant Management
- Video over IP Path Optimization
- Wholesaling, VPN Management

SDN Orchestration

- OpenStack (external)
- Cisco Controller (XNC, ODL)

Installed Base  
uBR10K  
RFGW-10

- Installed Base
- Upgrades

Classic HFC

Battlestar  
cBR-8  
cBR-small

- New Installs
- Converged Hub

CCAP-Core  
uBR10K,  
cBR-8, cBR-small

RPHY  
SHELF

- Small Hub
- Linear Fiber

NFV  
vCMTS,  
vCCAP

RPHY  
NODE

- Deep Fiber
- Digital Fiber

FTTx OLT  
ME - 4600

ONT  
SFU, RGW, NTA,  
uMSAN

- High SLA Commercial
- Select Residential

# SDN For Service Velocity & Network Mgmt

Data Center

Headend/Hub

Outside Plant

Home/Business

SDN Controller & Applications

API's

API's

API's

uBR10K

RFGW-10

Prisma II  
Analog Optics

HFC Node

24-channel /32-channel  
Gigabit CM's & MPEG Settops



cBR-8

R-PHY Shelf

R-PHY Node

DOCSIS 3.1 Modem/IP  
Gateway



ME-4600  
GPON/EPON

1:X Splitter



## Software Defined Networking (SDN):

- Service Velocity: allows new applications to be launched across all platforms simultaneously
- Operational Simplification: network level tools enable diagnostics, network management and dynamic control of all network elements

Note:  
GPON/EPON  
require IP  
Settops and do  
not support  
DOCSIS  
modems/gatewa  
s

GPON/EPON  
ONT

# SDN For Service Velocity & Network Mgmt

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cBR-8

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and do not support  
DOCSIS  
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1:X Splitter

ME-4600  
GPON/EPON

## Network Function Virtualization (NFV):

- Optimizes Hub and HE space, powering and cooling by moving Control and Data Forwarding functions to Data Center
- Limits OPEX required to support multiple CMTS locations
- Ultimate agility to change services simply adding a new instance of a virtual CMTS in a new Virtual Machine (VM).

# cBR-8 Overview

# cBR-8 overview (front)

## Chassis

- 13RU, 10-slot mid-plane design
- 8 Universal Subscriber Side slots (HFC, DPOE, etc)
- Backplane scalable to over 1 Tbps

## RF Line Cards

- 8 DS ports + 16 US ports per card (8x16)
- Channel capacity: 576 DS x 64 US (96 post FCS)
- Slots capable of 120+ Gbps bidirectional
- N+1 redundancy with integrated RF Switch

## Supervisor Cards

- Integrated QFP, RP
- Integrated backhaul capacity: 8x10 Gbps
- 1+1 redundancy

## Backhaul Cards (Optional - Future)

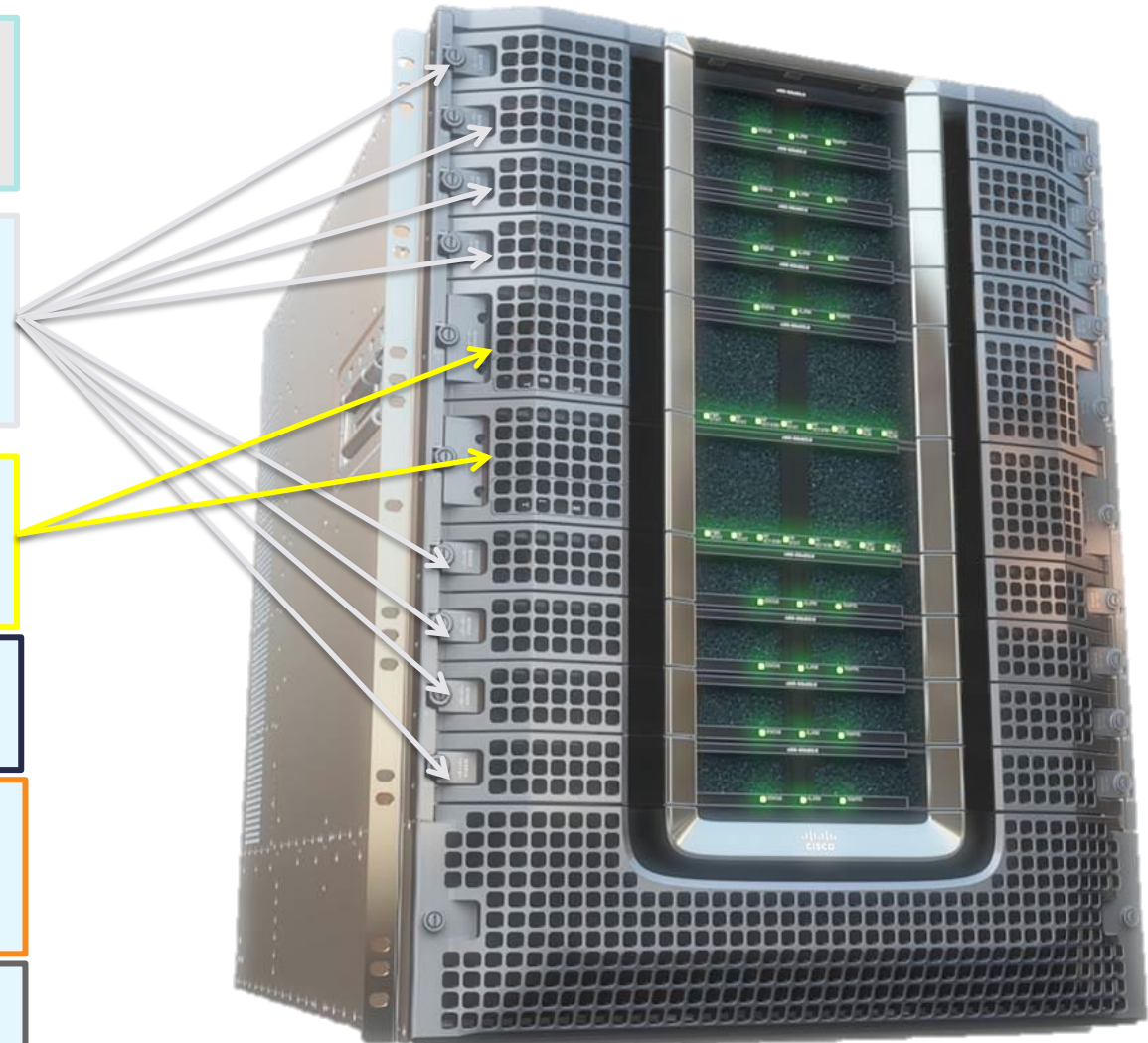
- Dedicated cards for WAN backhaul if required
- 1+1 redundancy

## Power Supplies

- ~9KW (Facilities Requirement)
- 4+1 DC modules with 1+1 power rails
- 3+1 or 3+3 AC modules

## Cooling

- Front-to-back
- Air intake on card faceplate



# cBR-8 overview (rear)

## RF Line Card PICs

- MCX connectors
- N+1 with integrated RF Switch
- Integrated analog optics (future)
- Remote PHY (future)

## Supervisor PICs

- 8x10 GE ports

## Backhaul Card PICs (Optional - Future)

- 10/100 GE ports if required

## Power Connections

- 4+1 DC or 3+1/3+3 AC

## Cooling

- Exhaust fans
- 5 Field Replaceable modules



Analog Optics PIC Card



## cBR-8 capacity (annex B)

	Downstream	Upstream
Average narrowcast channels / port	96	6
Peak narrowcast channels / port	128	12
Peak narrowcast + broadcast (assuming 128 channel spectrum)	90NC + 38BC	
Ports per card	8	16
Channels/card	768	96
Channels/chassis (5+1 – 8+0)	3,840 - 6,144	480 - 768
Access-side capacity per card	30 Gbps	2.8 Gbps
Access-side capacity per chassis *	150 - 240 Gbps	14.0 – 22.4 Gbps
FCS WAN Backhaul +	80 Gbps bi-directional	
FCS Aggregate forwarding	160+ Gbps aggregate	

- \* Mix of unicast and multicast traffic considerably reduces WAN ingress
- + WAN backhaul: 8x10GE at FCS; 100GE options offered subsequently

# cBR-8 capacity (annex A)

	Downstream	Upstream
Average narrowcast channels / port	72	6
Peak narrowcast channels / port	Full Spectrum	12
Peak narrowcast + broadcast (assuming 118 channel spectrum)	56NC + 62BC	
Ports per card	8	16
Channels/card	576	64-96
Channels/chassis (5+1 – 8+0)	2,880 – 4608	240 - 384
Access-side capacity per card	30 Gbps	1.4 Gbps
Access-side capacity per chassis *	150 - 240 Gbps	7.0 - 11.2 Gbps
FCS WAN Backhaul +	80 Gbps bi-directional	
FCS Aggregate forwarding	160+ Gbps aggregate	

- \* Mix of unicast and multicast traffic considerably reduces WAN ingress
- + WAN backhaul: 8x10GE at FCS; 100GE options offered subsequently

# cBR-8 Key Feature and Benefit

# cBR-8: Key Features & Benefits



## Minimizing Total Cost of Ownership

Capacity & Scalability,  
Video Convergence, DOCSIS 3.1

## Maximizing Subscriber Value

Unmatched Reliability, Intelligence,  
Software Defined Networking

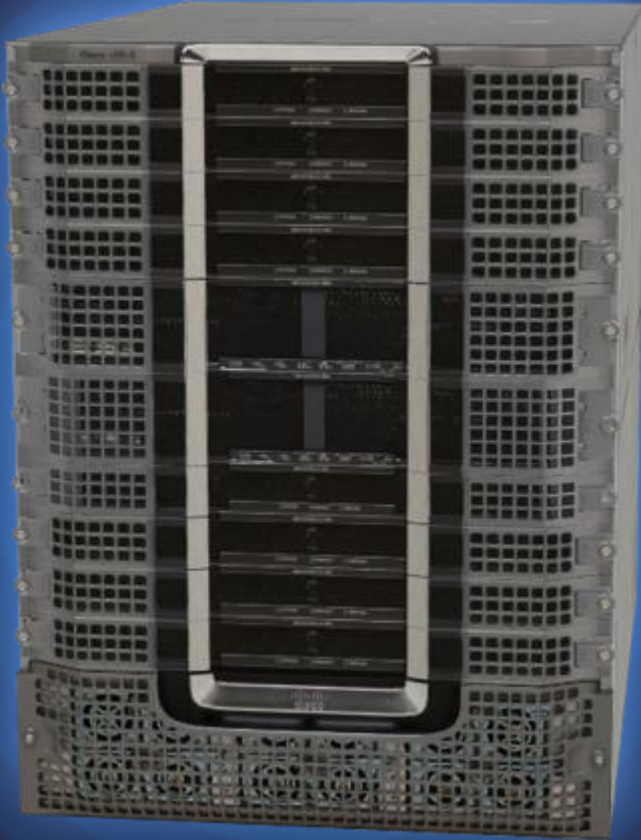
## Network and Business Transformation

Pathway to  
Virtualization via Cloud



# Cisco cBR-8 Chassis: Better Today, Better Tomorrow

## CCAP Capacity and Scalability (Annex B)



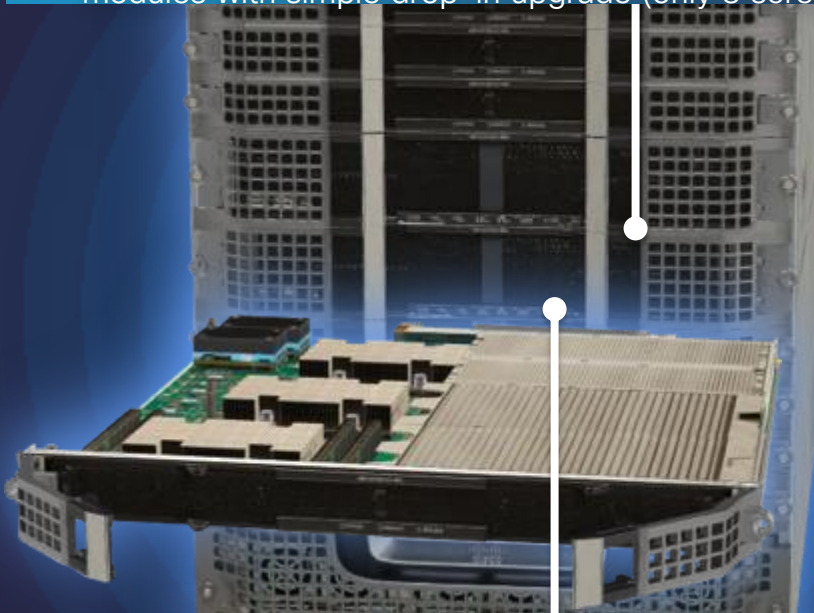
- Compact, high-density 13 RU chassis
- Delivers over 6000 downstream channels of DOCSIS 3.0, plus capability to scale to full DOCSIS 3.1 and Video
- Backplane scalable to 1.6 Tbps
- 8 Line Card Slots capable of 200 Gbps each (1.6 Tbps total)
- 2 Supervisor Slots capable of 1.6 Tbps each
- Service Group density of 4.9 SG/RU (40% higher than competition for typical configurations)

cBR-8 chassis was custom-built for ultimate scalability

# Cisco cBR-8 Line Card: Delivers True CCAP, D3.1 and more...

## Downstream PHY module

- 8 DS ports per line card (4 DS port per module x 2 modules per line card)
- Field replaceable and field upgradeable to DOCSIS 3.1 DS PHY modules with simple drop-in upgrade (only 3 screws required)



## Upstream PHY modules

- 16 US ports per line card
- Field replaceable and field upgradeable to DOCSIS 3.1 US PHY modules with simple drop-in upgrade (only 4 screws required)

- **30 Gbps at FCS (3x competitive solutions)**
  - 8 downstream ports supporting 768 QAMs (96 unique QAMs per port; 128 QAMs per port with unique plus broadcast)
  - 16 upstream ports supporting 96 QAMs to support 2:1 upstream combining
- **Designed for D3.1 migration with simple PHY changes**
  - D3.1 Downstream PHY module available July 2015
  - D3.1 Upstream PHY module available March 2016
- **True CCAP+ converge all services to “Hub in a Box”**
- **Supports Integrated and Distributed (Remote PHY) architectures**
  - Integrated = 8 SGs per Line Card (64 per Chassis)
  - Distributed = up to 32 SGs per Line Card (256 per Chassis)
- **N+1 High Availability**

# Cisco cBR-8 Supervisor Card:

## Leveraging Cisco Technology for Ultimate Scalability

### Custom Connector

- Scales WAN-to-Processor connectivity up to 1.6 Tbps
- Processor-to-Line Card speed scalable to 200 Gbps



- Integrated Control & Data Plane and WAN
- Data Plane: Quantum Flow Processor (QFP)
  - 200Gbps Forwarding Capacity
  - Massive Parallel Processing (248 CPU cores)
  - Sophisticated QoS
  - 75 Million PPS with Cable features enabled
- Massive control plane
  - 10-core 64 bit CPU
  - 48-96 GB of memory
- WAN
  - 8 + 8 10GE Ports and 80 + 80 Gbps Backhaul
- Fully redundant with 1+1 hitless failover

# cBR-8 Physical Interface Cards (PIC)

## Ultimate Flexibility & Scalability



*Pluggable Interface Cards allow flexibility to change network-side and customer-side interfaces as market transitions dictate*

## Line Card PICs

- **Standard RF MCX** (Shown in Chassis): 8DS x 16US for traditional Integrated CMTS applications
- **Future: Analog Optics PIC**: Pluggable XFP analog optics for fully converged applications
- **Future: Remote PHY PIC**: Multiple 10Gbps pluggable Ethernet optics for Remote PHY applications

# cBR-8 Power Supplies

## Ultimate Flexibility & Scalability



Pluggable Power Supplies allow flexibility to change network and customer side interfaces as market transitions dictate.

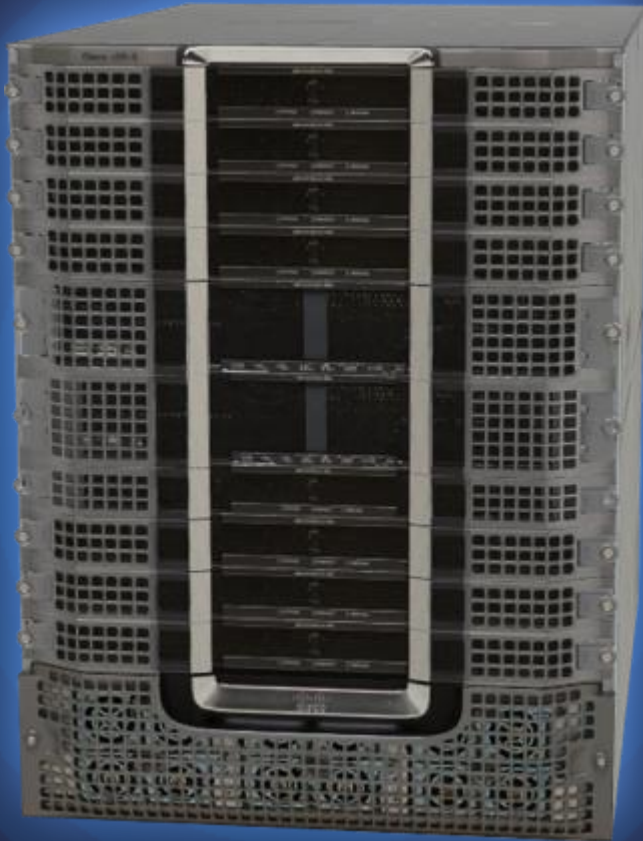
## Power Supplies

- Ability to scale up 9000W powering with individual power supply plug-ins modules for future service needs
- Cisco's power calculator can assist in defining optimal power supply requirements for your architecture

Scenario	Total Power	Power per SG	Power /channel (full FCS capacity)
Max power for chassis	9,000 W	141 W	1.46 W
Max power for FC S HW	7,912 W with D3 .1 PHYs (7,265 W D3.0 PHYs)	124 W with D3.1 PHYs (114 W D3.0 PHYs)	1.29 W with D3 .1 PHYs (1.18 W D3.0 PHYs)
Lab at 25 C	5,000 W	78 W	0.81 W

# DOCSIS 3.1 Market Readiness

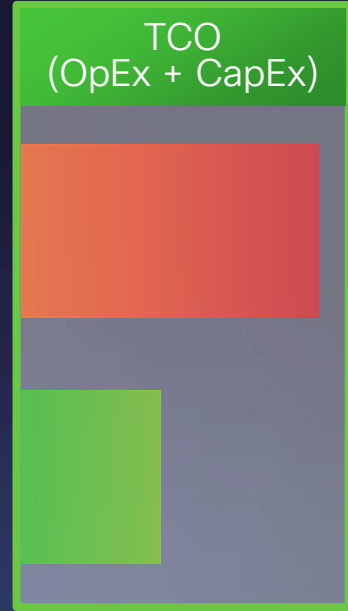
cBR-8 is the 1<sup>st</sup> and only platform designed for DOCSIS 3.1



- DOCSIS 3.1 is all about unlocking 5 to 7 times more bandwidth to support new service capabilities and assure competitiveness in a landscape including FTTH operators
- cBR-8 is the 1<sup>st</sup> and only platform on the market designed ground up for DOCSIS 3.1
  - Custom-built chassis
  - Enables full scale 3.0 and 3.1 capacity on every SG
- Competitor solutions, even if introduced more recently:
  - Represent earlier generation product
  - Were designed around the requirements of DOCSIS 3.0 (likely requires chassis, line card and processor swap)
  - Are constrained by fundamental limitations of the ATCA chassis architecture (10Gb per slot)

# Cisco cBR-8: Innovative Chassis Design Optimizes TCO

	D3.0	D3.0	D3.0	D3.0 + Video	D3.0 + D3.1 + Video
	16 DS x 8 US	24 DS x 8 US	32 DS x 8 US		
ATCA Chassis					
cBR-8 Chassis					



**Wire once!**

cBR-8 is the only platform on the market that can handle large-scale D3.0, plus Converged Video, plus D3.1, without a forklift upgrade

**40%**  
Savings over 5 Years

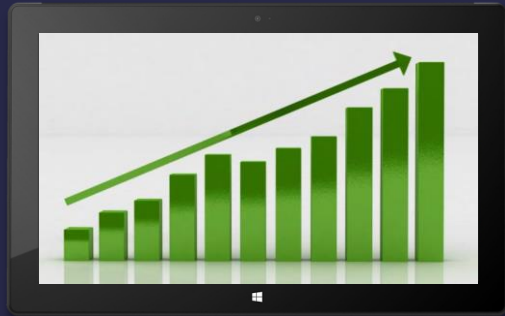
- All configurations supported with July 2015 hardware, except 3.1 US
- 3.1 US requires LC Module field upgrade, availability estimated March 2016

# cBR-8: Key Features & Benefits



## Minimizing Total Cost of Ownership

Capacity & Scalability,  
Video Convergence, DOCSIS 3.1



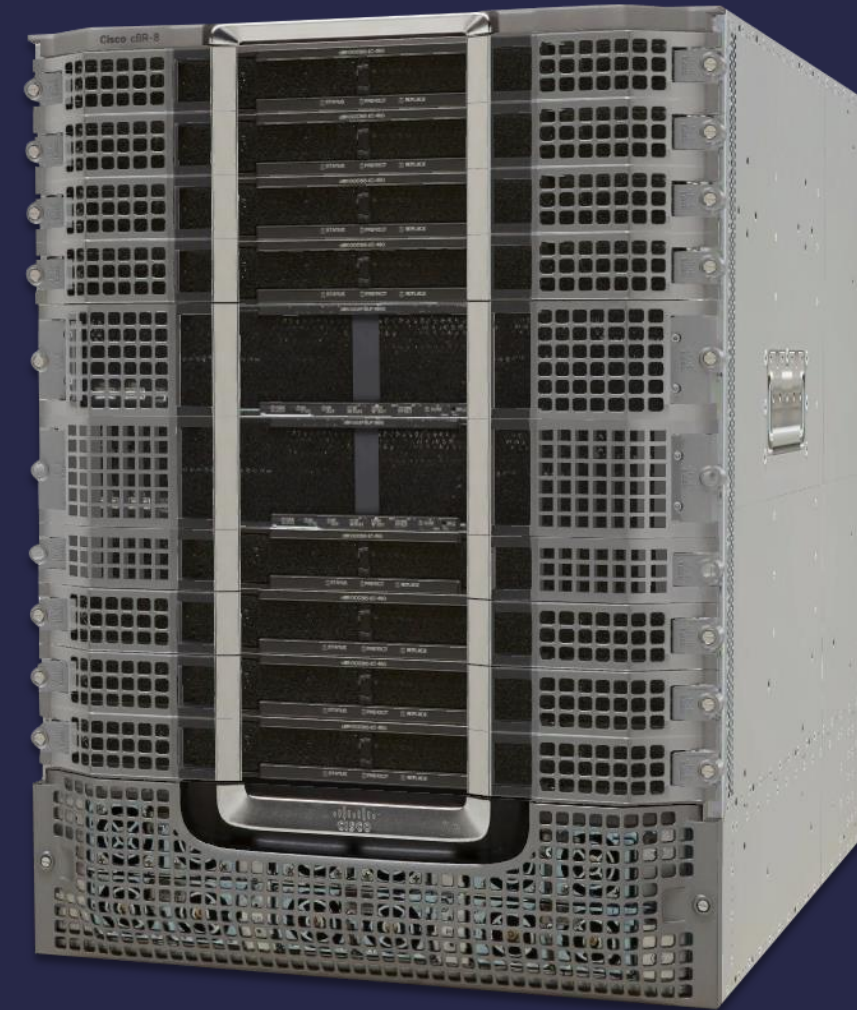
## Maximizing Subscriber Value

Unmatched Reliability, Intelligence,  
Software Defined Networking



## Network and Business Transformation

Pathway to  
Virtualization via Cloud



# cBR-8: Designed for High Availability

Supports 99.999% Availability

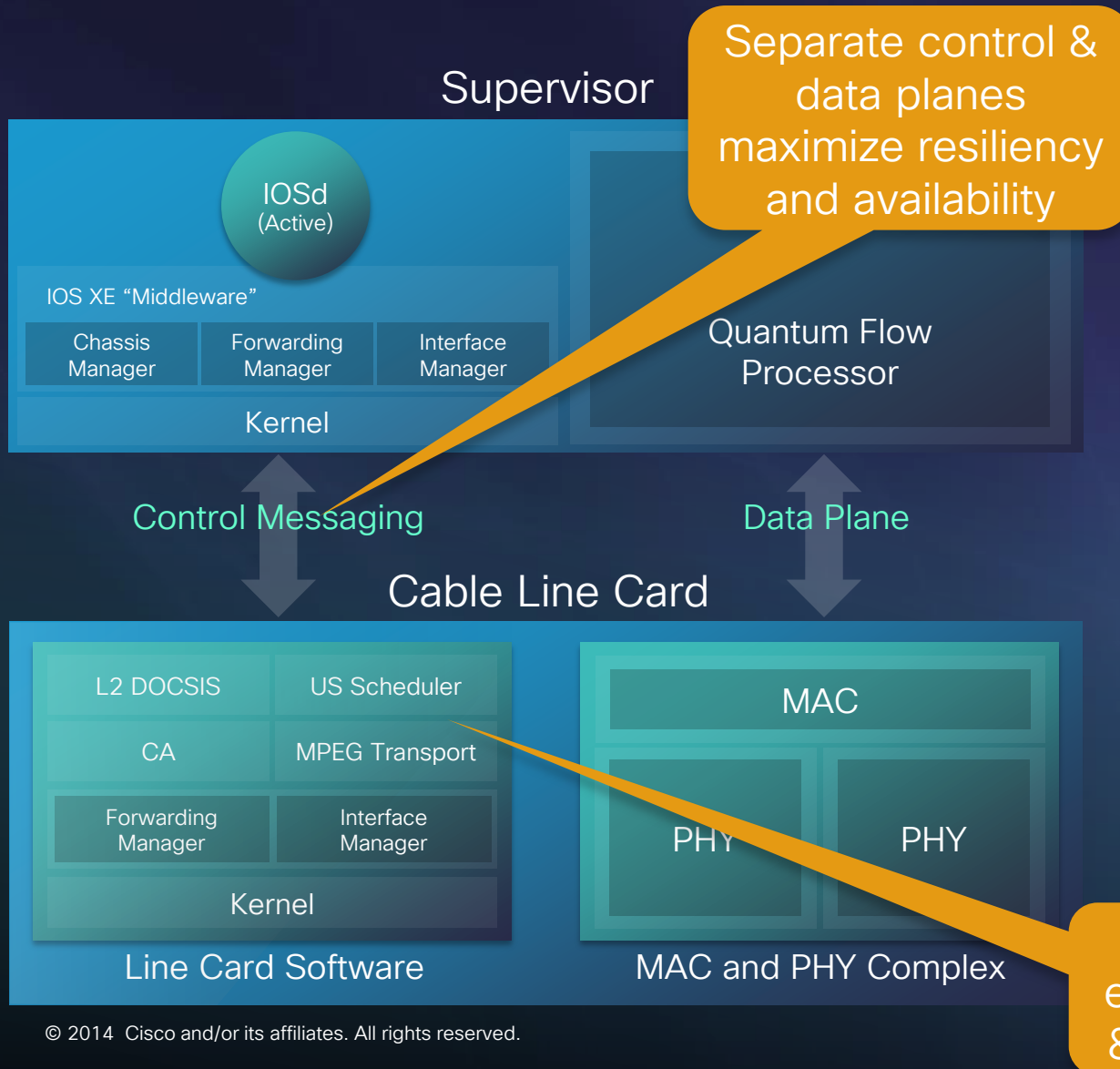


Full Redundancy Design to support “5-nines” availability  
Hitless failover of all active cards and modules

RF Line Card	N+1 Redundancy with integrated RF switch
Supervisor Card	1+1 Redundancy
Power Supplies	DC Modules: 4+1 Redundancy with 1+1 Power Rails AC Modules: 3+1 or 3+3 Redundancy
Fan Modules	Fully redundant with hot-swappable and independent fan modules. Reduces time for replacements. Maintains airflow at all times, even during fan replacement

# cBR-8 Software Architecture

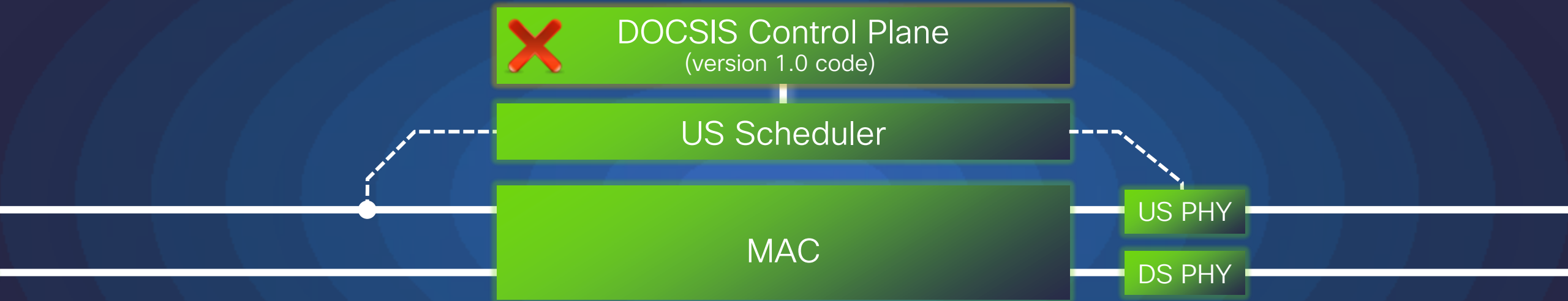
## Intelligence, Elastic and Resilient



- Next generation, retains advantages of IOS and adds **modularity**, **resiliency**, **restartability** and **patchability**:
- **Highly intelligent** with full IOS-XE routing and DOCSIS features
- **Operational Consistency** - same look and feel as IOS Router
- **Restartability** ensures failure recovery with zero packet loss
- **Patchability** enables true hitless upgrades
- SDN functionality provides **Service Velocity**

# Restartability with fault containment (DOCSIS control)

ZERO packet loss



- 1 DOCSIS Control Plane fails
- 2 Fault contained within the control plane, not affecting data plane  
Result: Zero Packet Loss
- 3 DOCSIS Control Plane restarts

# Restartability with fault containment (US scheduler)

- Hitless recovery



1 US Scheduler fails

# Restartability with fault containment (US scheduler)

- Hitless recovery

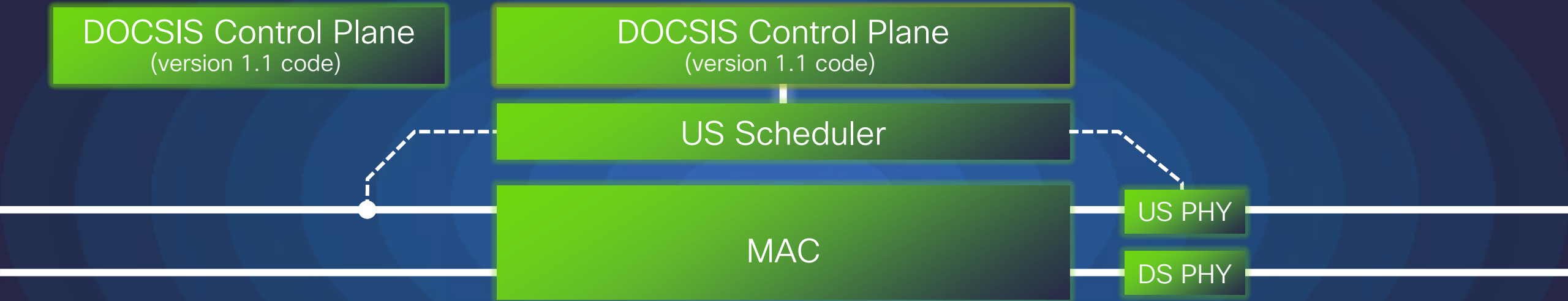


1 US Scheduler fails

2 Fault contained within US scheduler  
Result: Few 100ms loss of Upstream Packets. No Downstream packet loss.

3 US Scheduler restarts

# Patchability (DOCSIS control)

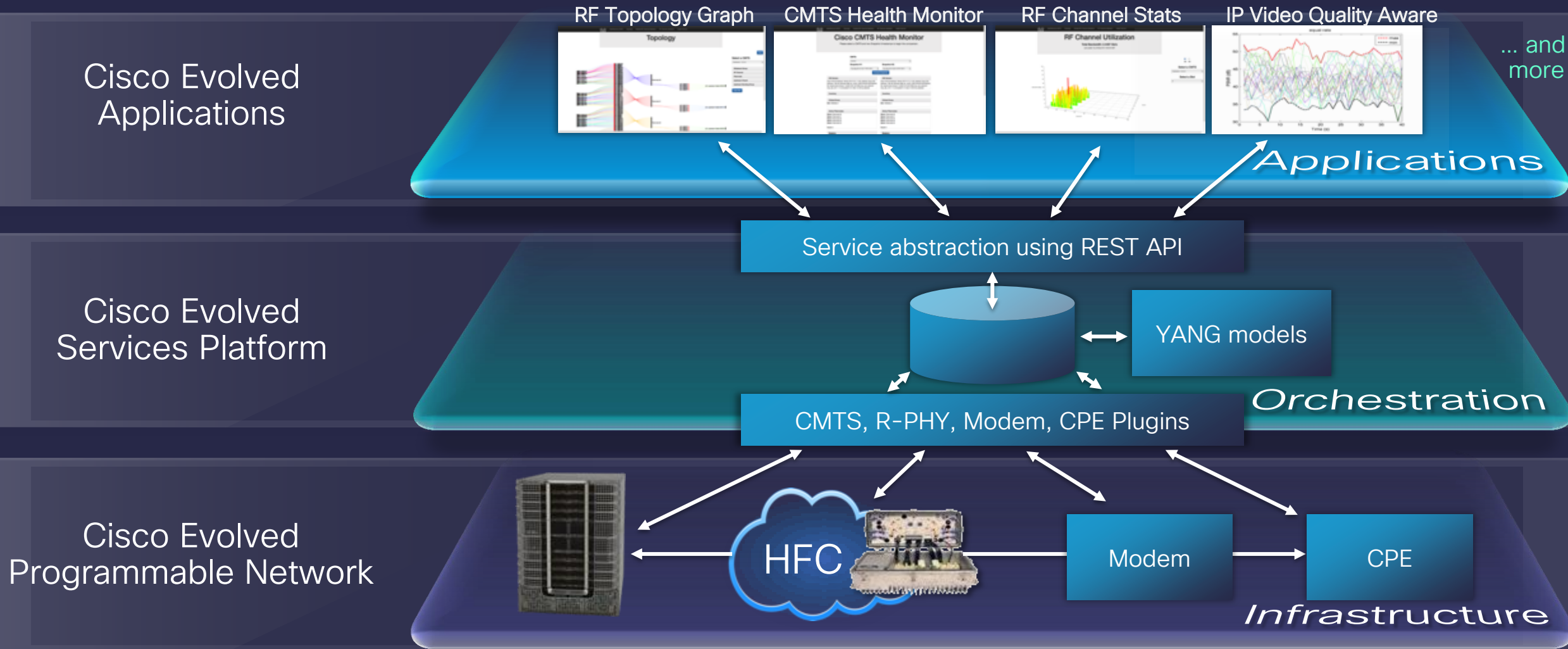


1 DOCSIS Control Plane v 1.0 has new software patch release v 1.1 code available. V1.1 code has been downloaded and is ready to replace the v1.0 code

2 Separation between control plane and data plane  
Result: Bug fixes contained within DOCSIS Control Plane can be patched with ZERO packet loss.

3 Control plane is now running with new v 1.1 code

# SDN Platform for Cable Applications



# Major Cable SDN Applications

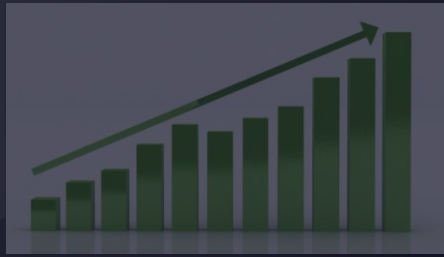
Category	SDN Applications
cBR-8 Operations, Manageability	Automated software upgrades, health check monitor, Topology graph with utilization, Modems & CPE mgmt, RF channels monitoring, EQAM mgmt
DOCSIS 3.1	D3.1 OFDM/OFDMA Profiles mgmt, 1588 timing, other operational applications for DOCSIS 3.1
Proactive Network Maintenance	PNM is a must for D3.1. DOCSIS 3.0 PNM has become important as well.
Dynamic Service Provisioning and Monitoring	Video quality aware bandwidth adjustment, Dynamic L2VPN service provisioning and monitoring

# cBR-8: Key Features & Benefits



## Minimizing Total Cost of Ownership

Capacity & Scalability,  
Video Convergence, DOCSIS 3.1



## Maximizing Subscriber Value

Unmatched Reliability, Intelligence,  
Software Defined Networking



## Network and Business Transformation

Pathway to  
Virtualization via Cloud



# cBR-8 Core and Remote PHY Module

## Evolving Cable SP Network Architectures

New PIC Card



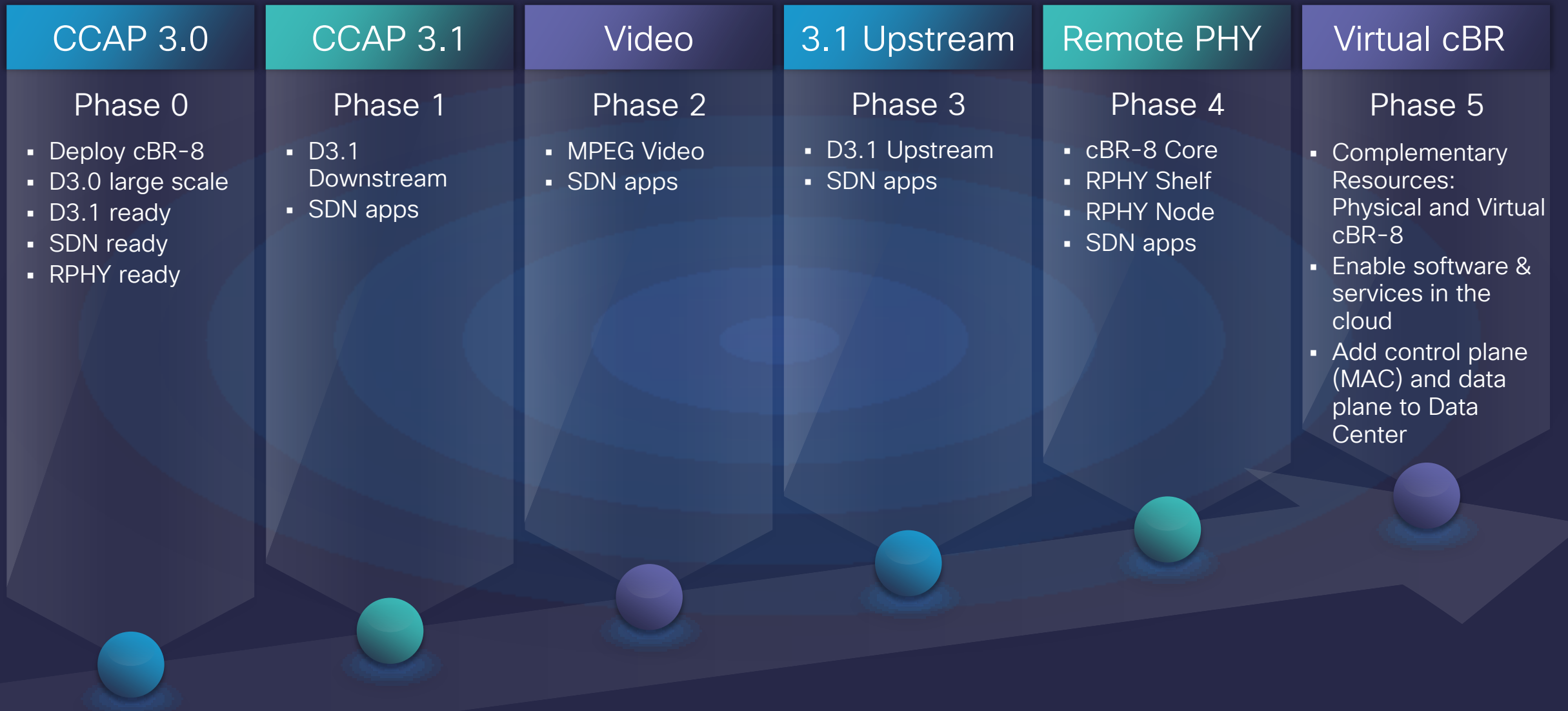
Remove PHY Modules from Line Card



## Benefits

- Scaling service groups beyond the port capacity of the traditional CMTS
- Decoupling the scaling from dependency on the integrated PHY ports
- Allowing Digital Fiber / Ethernet to be driven deeper into the network
- Enabling migration to a Cloud-centric ecosystem focused on service velocity and value creation

# cBR-8: Pathway to Virtualization



# cBR-8 Roadmap

# cBR-8 Worldwide Market

# cBR-8 Worldwide Early Customer Engagement

- Comcast
- Charter
- BrightHouse
- Mediacom
- Cablevision
- Videotron
- Cogeco
- Rogers
- Shaw
- Cogeco
- RCN
- Eastlink



- Altice
- KDG
- LGI
- Comhem
- Canal Digital
- Quickline
- GET
- ONO
- Finnet
- Starman
- Voo
- Akado



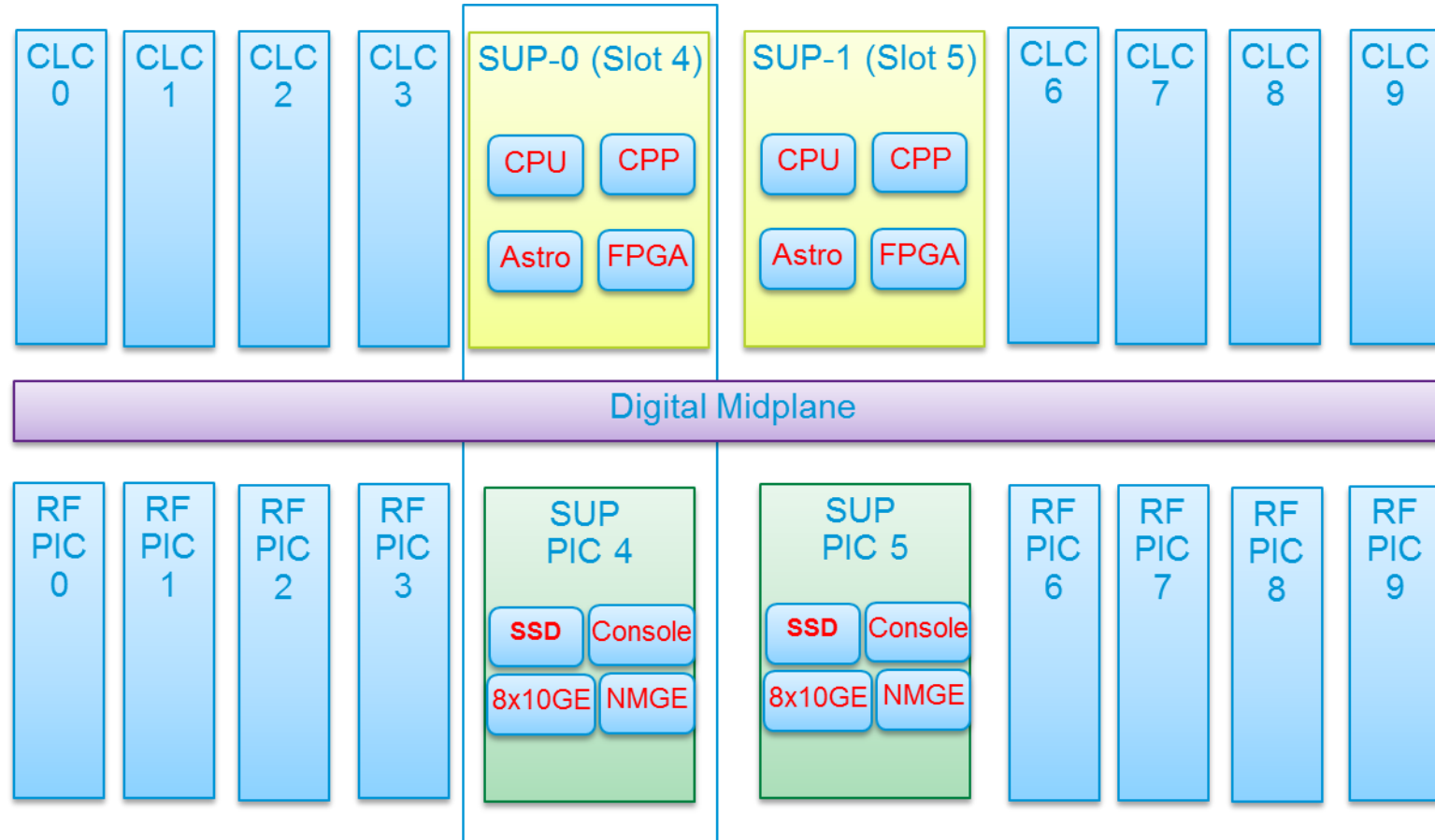
- JCOM
- SKB
- True
- KBRO
- Linknet
- Gehua Cable
- Guangdong Cable



- Magacable
- NET Brazil
- Televisa

# cBR-8 Hardware

# cBR-8 Platform Overview

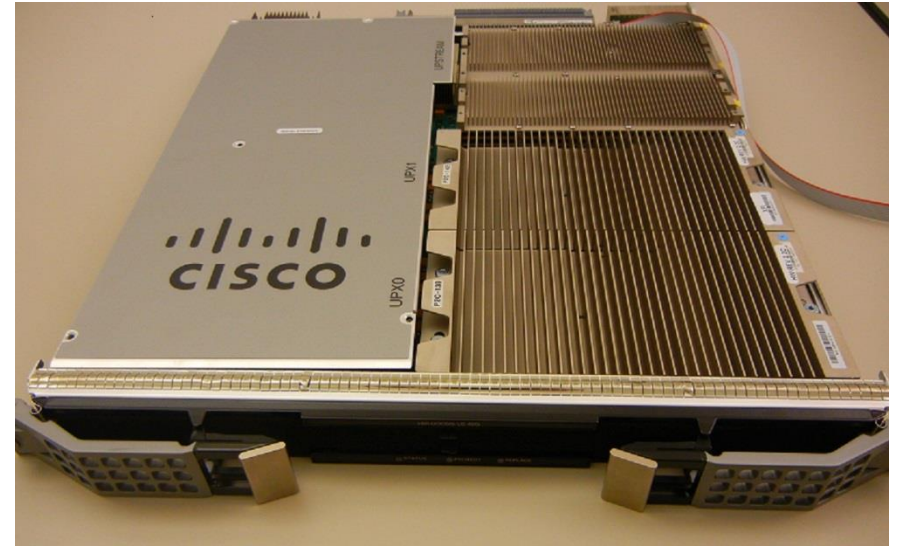


# cBR-8 13RU Chassis Major Components

Product	P/N	Description	Comment
Chassis	CBR-8-CCAP-CHASS	cBR-8 CCAP Chassis	
Supervisor	CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	Integrated Route Processor, Forwarding Processor, and Timing/Backhaul complexes.	2 units / chassis
SUP PIC	CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC	SUP Physical Interface Card provides console, GE, Timing ports, and 10G backhaul interface ports.	2 units / chassis
CCAP Linecard	CBR-LC-8D30-16U30	Provide US and DS interfaces to DOCSIS cable modems.	8 units / chassis
RF PIC	CBR-RF-PIC	Provide US and DS RF cable interfaces.	8 units / chassis
RF Protect PIC	CBR-RF-PROT-PIC	CCAP Protect PIC (for N+1 redundancy)	
FAN	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	5 fan modules provide variable speed fan for cooling	5 units / chassis
Power Module	CBR-AC-PS CBR-DC-PS	AC/DC Power Supply Module	6 units (AC) 5 units (DC)
FPIM	CBR-PEM-AC-6M CBR-PEM-DC-6M	AC/DC physical connectivity	1 unit / chassis
Power Tray	CBR-AC-PWR-TRAY CBR-DC-PWR-TRAY	Mechanical assembly - Power Supplies installed here	1 unit / chassis

# CCAP Line Card

- **Standard DOCSIS RF Card**
  - 8x16 with modular US RF and DS modules
- **MPEG EQAM Card**
  - Support for native MPEG video channels on all DS ports.
- **40Gbps Backplane BW**
  - Two ESI 4 links to both SUPs running at 7.5Gbps SERDES rate



# CCAP Line Card

## •Downstream

- **8 DS Ports made up of two 4-Port Gemini UPXs**
- **4-PORT Gemini UPXs**
  - **The module can support total of 384 QAMs, but is limited to only 256 because of the 66 watts module power budget.**
  - **96 channels can be broadcasted across any number of ports**
- **DS JIB Supports**
  - **Supports up to 768 channels(qams) at annex-B qam-256 rate or up to 576 channels (qams) at annex-A qam-256 rate. This equals the capacity of two 4-port DS PHY modules. (future proof to 1200 channels in DS JIB)**

## •Upstream

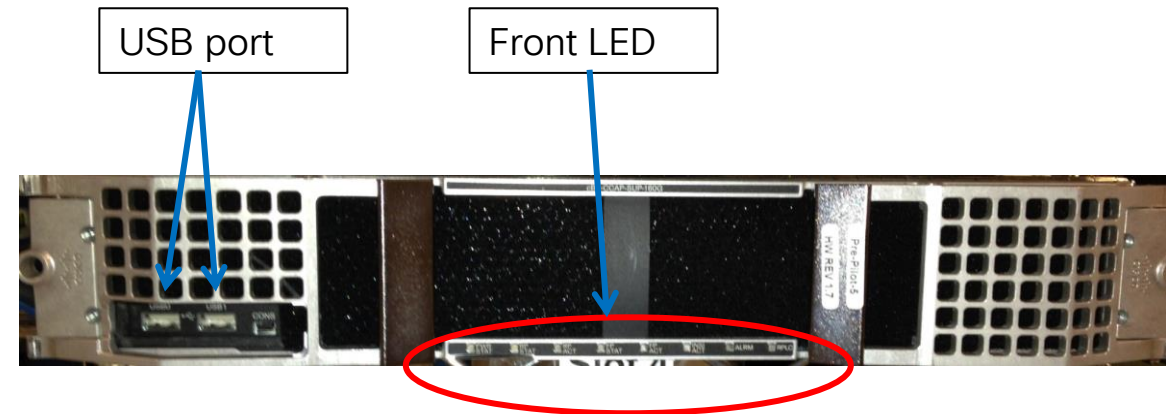
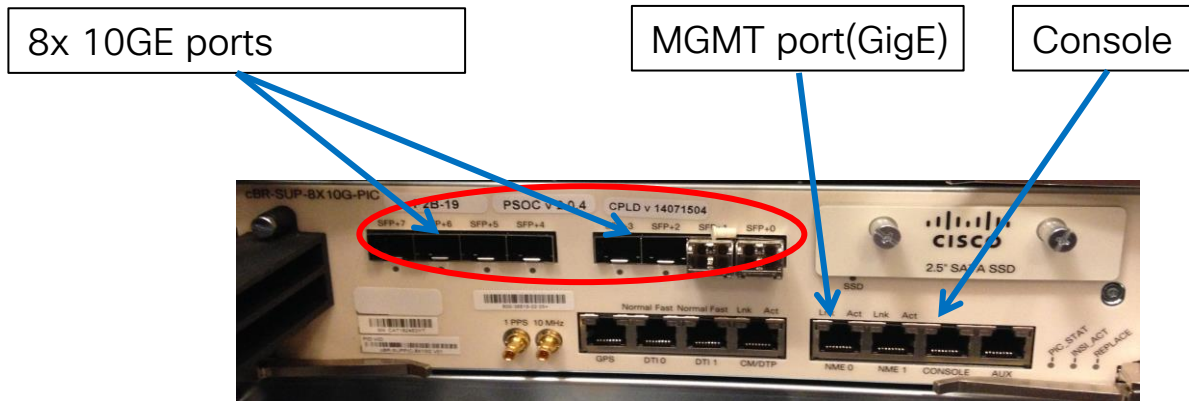
- **16 US Ports**
- **US JIB supports 96 channels (future proof to 192)**
- **FCS US module (Leoben) supports 8 Broadcom 3142R PHYs for a total of 96 US channels**

# CCAP Line Card

- **MPEG Video Functionality**
- **MPEG Processing**
  - PCR restamping, PID remapping, Stream muxing, Switched digital video
- **Video decryption**
  - Decryption of video packets is performed after packet has been processed by LCPU.
  - Video decryption is supported on 100% of video traffic.
- **Video encryption**
  - Encryption is performed after decryption.
  - Video encryption is supported on 100% of video traffic.

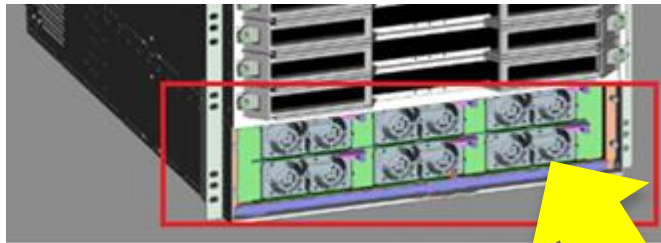
# Supervisor Card

- Routing processor to manage routing control and chassis management
- Forwarding processor to forward packets between backhaul ports and linecards
- Backhaul Interface ports
- Networking timing



# Power

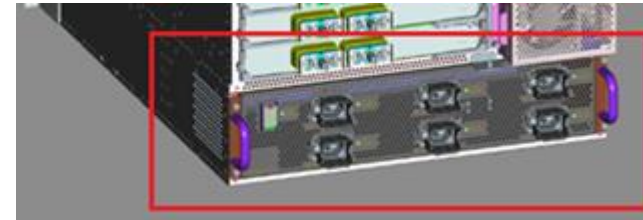
- Power Shelf



Power Tray



Power Module



FPIM

- Power Module

Input mode	Input voltage(V)	Input current(A)	Frequency (Hz)	Max output (W)	Hot swappable	Redundancy
AC	200 ~ 240	14 ~ 16	50/60	3000	yes	N+N / N+1
DC	-48 ~ -60	60	-	2100	yes	N+1

# Power

- Power consumption

Slot	Slot Power Budget (W)	Quantity	Power/Item (W)
Supervisor	930	2	1860
Supervisor PIC	120	2	240
Linecard	530	8	4240
Linecard PIC	60	8	480
Fan Module	170	5	850
Chassis	150	1	150

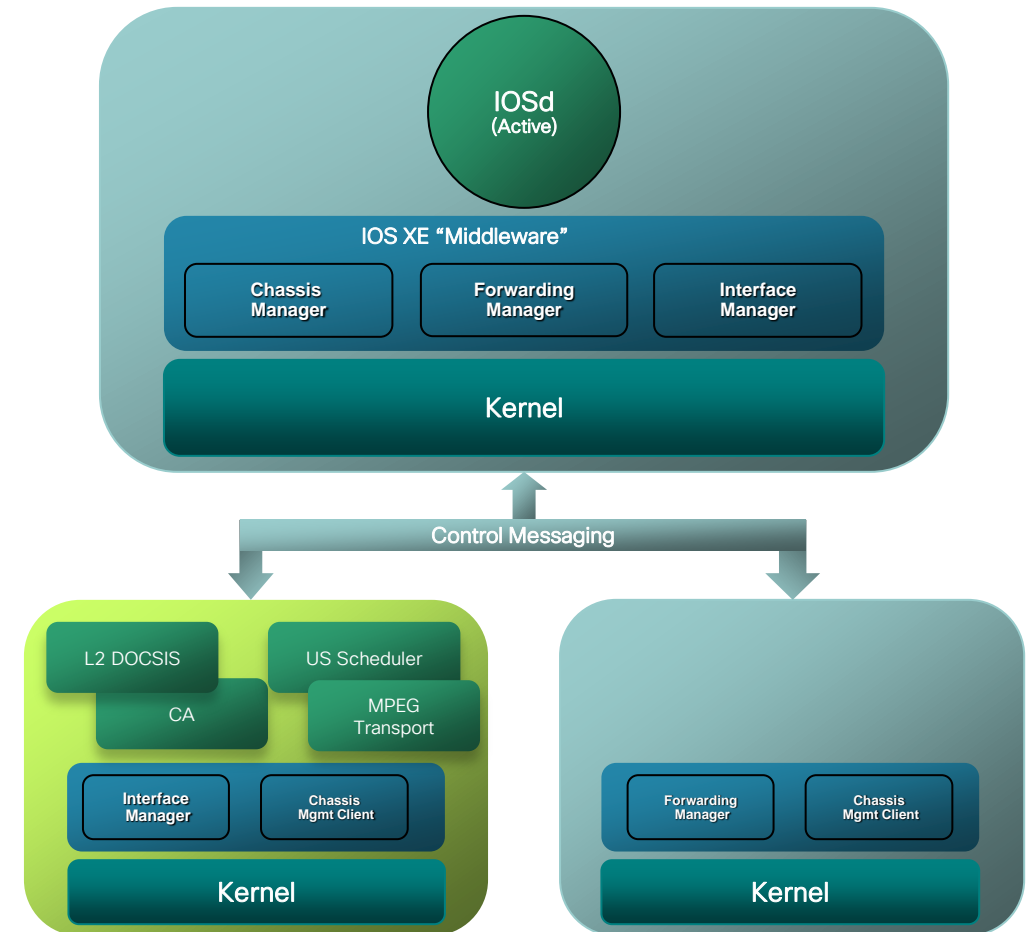
( Example )  
cBR-8#sh environment power

Slot	Controller	Value
3	FRU Power	320 W
2	FRU Power	330 W
1	FRU Power	330 W
0	FRU Power	310 W
6	FRU Power	330 W
P0	PEM Power	540 W
P1	PEM Power	540 W
P2	PEM Power	540 W
P3	PEM Power	540 W
P4	PEM Power	540 W
R0	FRU Power	705 W
R1	FRU Power	715 W

# cBR-8 Software Design

# Benefits of IOS-XE on cBR-8

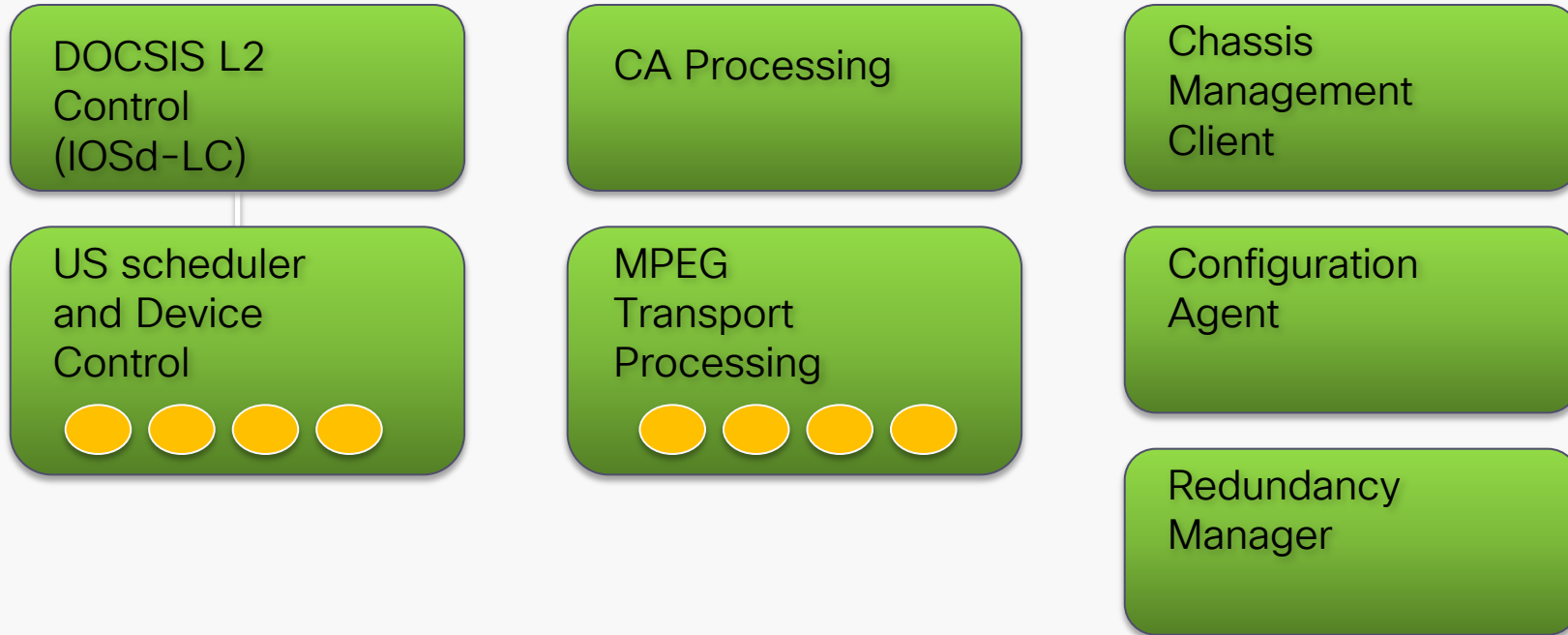
- **IOS XE = IOS + IOS XE Middleware + Platform Software**
- **Software feature richness and velocity**
  - Full IOS-XE feature parity (MPLS, VPN, L3)
  - Full DOCSIS feature set (VDOC, BSOD, etc.)
- **Service Velocity through SDN functionality**
- **Operational Consistency - same look and feel as IOS Router**




# cBR-8 Line Card IoS-XE Design

Linecard

LC SW Complex



 Restartable

 Non-Restartable



# cBR-8 FCS Supervisor IoS-XE Design

Supervisor

IO SW Complex

PIC  
Control

Chassis  
Management  
Client

RP SW Complex

DOCSIS L3 control, video control, routing control  
(IOSd-RP)

Chassis Management Client

Forwarding Manager

Linux interfaces  
(FTP/SSH/telnet/Shell)

FP SW Complex

Chassis  
Management  
Client

QFP  
Client  
FP

LINUX Kernal



Restartable



Non-Restartable

# cBR-8 Configuration

# Configuration Flowchart – uBR10K vs cBR-8

## ▪ uBR10K

**controller Integrated-Cable 5/0/0**

**controller Modular-Cable 6/0/0**

=> ch-id, Freq, output level, Annex, Modulation, rf-shut, etc...

**interface Cable5/0/0**

=> primary DS, us max-port, US BG, US RF para, US ch shut

**interface Integrated-Cable 5/0/0:0**

**interface Modular-Cable7/0/0:0**

=> narrow DS

**Interface Wideband-Cable7/0/0:0**

=> DS BG

**cable fiber-node 70**

=> DS/US chs in FN

## ▪ cBR-8

**controller Upstream-Cable 1/0/0**

=> US RF para, US ch shut

**controller Integrated-Cable 1/0/0**

=> ch-id, Freq, output level, Annex, Modulation, rf-shut, etc...

**interface Cable1/0/0**

=> primary DS, US BG

**interface Integrated-Cable 1/0/0:0**

=> narrow DS

**Interface Wideband-Cable1/0/0:0**

=> DS BG

**cable fiber-node 1**

=> DS/US controllers in FN

# Recommended Configuration Process

- Core Interfaces, Loopback interfaces
- General global commands (leave TACACS to end)
  - ✓ Routing protocols, snmp, access-lists, logging, VTYs, etc.
- Global cable commands
  - ✓ Packetcable, mod profiles, IPDR, QAM profiles, etc.
- RF and QAM profiles
- Integrated and Upstream controllers
- Bundle interfaces
- Cable interfaces (16 max per linecard)
- Wideband interfaces (RF-ch range now instead of multiple lines on 10K)
  - ✓ Resilient bonding groups (RBGs)
  - ✓ **Note:** Max of 64 Wideband Interfaces per controller
- Integrated-Cable interfaces (rf-bandwidth-percent)
- Fibers nodes (slightly different from 10K now)
- TACACS

# Cable Interface & Fiber Nodes

- Since each LC has 8 DS controllers & 16 US controllers, customer can adjust mac-domain based on fiber-node design
- Current cBR-8 supports max 16 mac-domains per LC
  - ✓ 16x8 without HA = 128 mac-domains per chassis
- This will need to be re-visited when remote phy added
- Fiber Node example of 1:2 SG

```
cable fiber-node 1
  downstream Integrated-Cable 3/0/0
  upstream Upstream-Cable 3/0/0 (US connector now)
!
cable fiber-node 2
  downstream Integrated-Cable 3/0/0
  upstream Upstream-Cable 3/0/1 (US connector now)
```

# Change from uBR10k

- “TFTP-enforce” not exist => DMIC covers this functionality
- “NTP update-calendar” not configurable, but not needed anymore
- “Max-cpe“ and “max-ipv6-cpe“ moved under “cable submgmt”
- “Cable ds-max-burst peak-rate” => Powerboost(ERBA) still there, but peak rate moved to service class
- “us-channel 0 equalization-coefficient” moved under US controller. With this configuration, “no cable upstream 0 equalization-error-recovery” option comes up along under interface cable.
- Cisco legacy Loadbalancing not exist => “DOCSIS Loadbalancing” (D2.0 & 3.0) replaced it. (same as SCH)
  - ✓Primary DS distribution
  - ✓D3.0 modem count-based distribution
  - ✓Option “downstream-only” for d3.0 is missing
- Mgmt interface(GigabitEthernet0) changed to VRF port on cBR-8(1Gbps port). This cannot be used for data traffic.
- “logging event link-status global” should be configured for link up/down event.
- There are several CLI for ‘shutdown’ channel. e.g) “shutdown” , “mute” under controller level
- “logging linecard debugging” should be configured for detail LC level debugging. e.g) debug cable range, registration

# cBR-8 Troubleshooting

# Monitoring commands

- show platform

```
router#show platform
Chassis type: CBR-8-CCAP-CHASS
```

Slot	Type	State	Insert time (ago)
0	CBR-CCAP-LC-40G	ok	6w3d
0/1	CBR-RF-PROT-PIC	ok	6w3d
1	CBR-CCAP-LC-40G	ok	6w3d
1/1	CBR-RF-PIC	ok	6w3d
SUP0	CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	inserted	6w3d
R0		ok, active	
F0		ok, active	
4		ok, active	
4/1	CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC	ok	6w3d
SUP1	CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	inserted	6w3d
R1		ok, standby	
F1		ok, standby	
5		ok, standby	
5/1	CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC	ok	6w3d
P0	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P1	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P2	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P3	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P4	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P5	Unknown	ps, fail	never
P10	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P11	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P12	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P13	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P14	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d

Slot	CPLD Version	Rommon Version
0	0000001C	2011.03.12
1	0000001C	2011.03.12
SUP0	14121111	15.5(2r)S
SUP1	14121111	15.5(2r)S

Column name	Description
slot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicate the slot number:</li> <li>SUP: SUP0, SUP1(R0,F0,4&amp;R1,F1,5 are onboard device)</li> <li>Linecard:0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9</li> <li>Pic card:0/1,1/1,2/1,3/1,4/1,5/1,6/1,7/1,8/1,9/1(4/1&amp;5/1 are sup-pic, the reset are rf-pic)</li> <li>Power module :P0,P1,P2,P3,P4,P5</li> <li>Fan tray:P10,P11,P12,P13,P14</li> </ul>
type	Indicate the card type. "UNKNOWN" will be printed when a power/fan module not programed or inserted.
state	Include : "ok", "disable", "booting", "disconnecting", "unknown", "fail", "ok, active", "ok, standby", "inserted", "out of service"
Insert time (ago)	Indicate the insert time

# Monitoring commands

- show platform (cont'd)

```
router#show platform
Chassis type: CBR-8-CCAP-CHASS
```

Slot	Type	State	Insert time (ago)
0	CBR-CCAP-LC-40G	ok	6w3d
0/1	CBR-RF-PROT-PIC	ok	6w3d
1	CBR-CCAP-LC-40G	ok	6w3d
1/1	CBR-RF-PIC	ok	6w3d
SUP0	CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	inserted	6w3d
R0		ok, active	
F0		ok, active	
4		ok, active	
4/1	CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC	ok	6w3d
SUP1	CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	inserted	6w3d
R1		ok, standby	
F1		ok, standby	
5		ok, standby	
5/1	CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC	ok	6w3d
P0	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P1	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P2	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P3	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P4	CBR-DC-PS	ok	6w3d
P5	Unknown	ps, fail	never
P10	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P11	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P12	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P13	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d
P14	CBR-FAN-ASSEMBLY	ok	6w3d

Slot	CPLD Version	Rommon Version
0	0000001C	2011.03.12
1	0000001C	2011.03.12
SUP0	14121111	15.5(2r)S
SUP1	14121111	15.5(2r)S

state	Description
ok	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>All the cards , power modules and fan-trays should enter the ok state if they boot up successfully. It indicate the module are in online state and ready to work.</li> <li>SUP0, SUP1 will display inserted instead.</li> </ol>
disable	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sup or line card was disabled by software and power off due to some protect mechanism.</li> <li>card was sopped by "hw-module slot * stop" command</li> </ol>
Booting	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Once a card is powered, it will enter "booting" when it is booting up.</li> </ol>
Disconnecting	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The card begin to become offline, this is the first state after it was powered up.</li> </ol>
Unknown	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When a card was reloaded, it will enter unknown state first, then enter "booting".</li> <li>if the card can not power up due to power limitation, it will enter "unknown" state.</li> <li>Some abnormal issue happened on the card.</li> </ol>
fail	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the power module not inserted, it will display "fail".</li> <li>2 if the eeprom on fan-tray not programed, It will display "fail"</li> </ol>
Ok, active, ok standby	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Indicate the active/standby state of the sup</li> </ol>
inserted	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It is ok for Sup0&amp;sup1 to enter inserted state after boot up,</li> <li>it is false for pic card to enter "insert" state.</li> </ol>
Out of service	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>false state for the pic card.</li> <li>after reload the pic , it will enter "out of service" first.</li> </ol>

# Monitoring commands

- show environment power

cBR-8r#**show environment power**

```

-----
Slot  Controller  Value
-----
6     FRU Power    320 W    <===== 6번 카드 소모 전력
0     FRU Power    320 W    <===== 0번 카드 소모 전력(protect)
3     FRU Power    320 W    <===== 3번 카드 소모 전력
2     FRU Power    320 W    <===== 2번 카드 소모 전력
1     FRU Power    340 W    <===== 1번 카드 소모 전력
P0    PEM Power    540 W    <===== PS 0번 모듈 전력
P1    PEM Power    550 W    <===== PS 1번 모듈 전력
P2    PEM Power    540 W    <===== PS 2번 모듈 전력
P3    PEM Power    540 W    <===== PS 3번 모듈 전력
P4    PEM Power    540 W    <===== PS 4번 모듈 전력
R0    FRU Power    692 W    <===== sup0번 카드 소모 전력(slot4)
R1    FRU Power    696 W    <===== sup1번 카드 소모 전력(slot5)

```

- show environment location P0

cBR-8#**show environment location P0**

```

Sensors by Location: Environmental Monitoring
Location: P0

```

Sensor	Location	State	Reading
PEM Iout	P0	Normal	10 A
PEM Vout	P0	Normal	54 V DC
PEM Vin	P0	Normal	53 V DC
Temp: INLET	P0	Normal	22 Celsius
Temp: OUTLET	P0	Normal	31 Celsius

- show environment location P10 (Fan module)

cBR-8#**show environment location P10**

```

Sensors by Location: Environmental Monitoring
Location: P10

```

Sensor	Location	State	Reading
Temp: U17	P10	Normal	35 Celsius
Temp: U18	P10	Normal	35 Celsius
Temp: FC	P10	Normal	22 Celsius
MPL115A	P10	Normal	100 Kpa

Fan Speed 44%

Expected fan speed

- show platform hardware slot P10 fan mcu status

cBR-81#**show platform hardware slot P10 fan status**

```

Fan 0: Normal
Fan 1: Normal

```

Anyang\_cBR\_1#**show platform hardware slot P10 mcu status**

```

Model ID: 0
12V I: 0
12V V: 0
Temp: 0
Input V: 0
Fan speed: 43%

```

Real fan speed

# Monitoring commands

- show redundancy

cBR-8#**show redundancy**

Redundant System Information :

-----  
Available system uptime = 10 minutes  
Switchovers system experienced = 0  
Standby failures = 0  
Last switchover reason = none

Hardware Mode = Duplex  
Configured Redundancy Mode = sso  
Operating Redundancy Mode = sso  
Maintenance Mode = Disabled  
Communications = Up

Current Processor Information :

-----  
Active Location = slot 4  
Current Software state = **ACTIVE**  
Uptime in current state = 10 minutes  
Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, cBR Software (X86\_64\_LINUX\_IOSD-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 15.5(2)S, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc3)  
Technical Support: <http://www.cisco.com/techsupport>  
Copyright (c) 1986-2015 by Cisco Systems, Inc.  
Compiled Sun 22-Mar-15 03:32 by mcpre  
BOOT = bootflash:cbrsup-universalk9.03.15.00.S.155-2.S-std.SPA.bin,12;  
Configuration register = 0x2102

- show redundancy (cont'd)

Peer Processor Information :

-----  
Standby Location = slot 5  
Current Software state = **STANDBY HOT**  
Uptime in current state = 5 minutes  
Image Version = Cisco IOS Software, cBR Software (X86\_64\_LINUX\_IOSD-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 15.5(2)S, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc3)  
Technical Support: <http://www.cisco.com/techsupport>  
Copyright (c) 1986-2015 by Cisco Systems, Inc.  
Compiled Sun 22-Mar-15 03:32 by mcpre  
BOOT = bootflash:cbrsup-universalk9.03.15.00.S.155-2.S-std.SPA.bin,12;  
CONFIG\_FILE =  
Configuration register = 0x2102

# Access to the linecard

- Access to the CLC

```
cBR-8#request platform software console attach 3/0
```

```
#
```

```
# Connecting to the CLC console on 3/0.
```

```
# Enter Control-C to exit the console connection.
```

```
#
```

```
Slot-3-0>
```

```
Slot-3-0>ena
```

```
Slot-3-0#
```

```
Slot-3-0# <==== exit to shell via Ctrl+'c' key.
```

```
cBR-8#
```

# Useful troubleshooting commands

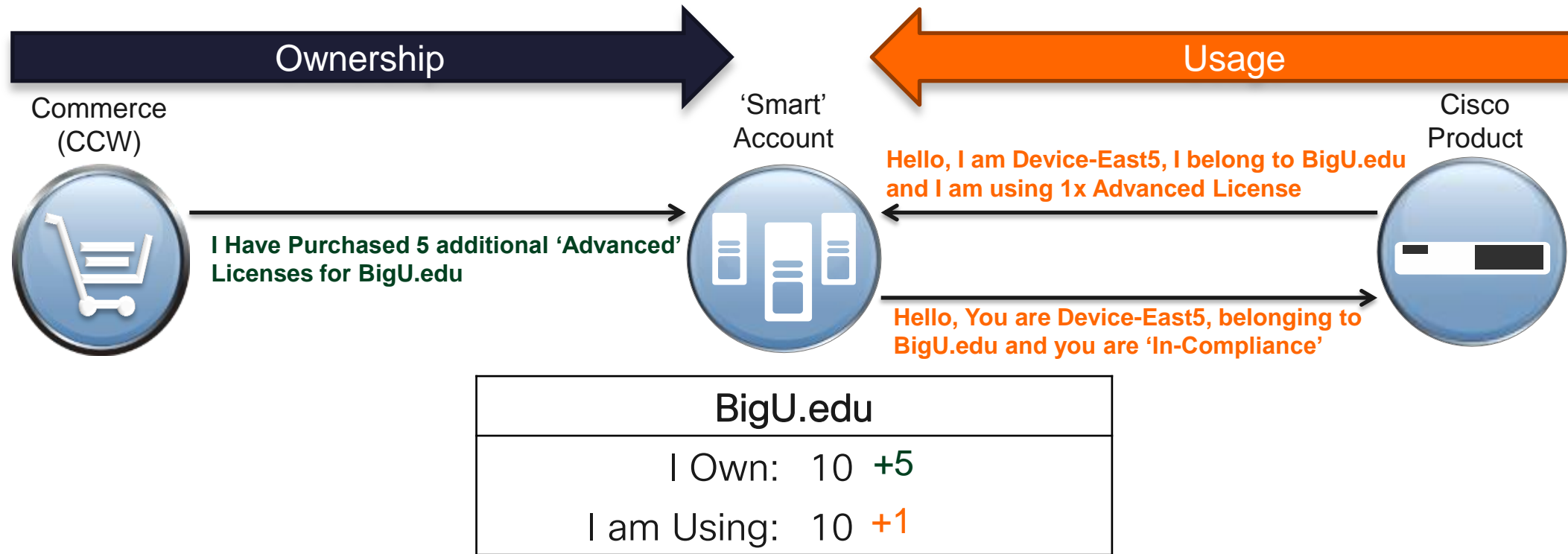
- term exec prompt timestamp
- term length 0
- show platform hardware slot f0 serdes status
- show platform hardware qfp active system state
- show platform hardware qfp active datapath utiliz
- show platform hardware qfp active statistics drop
- show platform hardware qfp active infrastructure bqs queue output default interface <Int\_Cable-if>
- show cable dp queue <wb\_if>
- show plat so obj fp act stat
- show controllers integrated-Cable \$Cable\_int counter rf-channel | exc 0\0
- show plat ha qfp act infra bqs status
- show plat hard qfp act bqs 0 fif
- show plat hard qfp act bqs 0 cif
- show plat hard qfp act bqs 0 gif detail
- show plat hard qfp act bqs 0 opf config
- show plat hard qfp act bqs 0 opf status all
- show cable card <slot> ds-mac all
- show cable card <slot> ds-phy display
- show cable modem summary total
- show cable modem docsis device-class summ
- show cab hop; threshold
- show cable modem phy
- show cable flap-list
- show cable resiliency
- show cable modem resiliency
- show cable modem wideband channel
- show cable modem wide registered-traditional
- show cable mac-domain cx/y/z rcc
- show processes cpu sorted 5min
- show version
- show running
- show processes cpu platform sorted
- show proc memory
- show proc memory platform

# Smart License

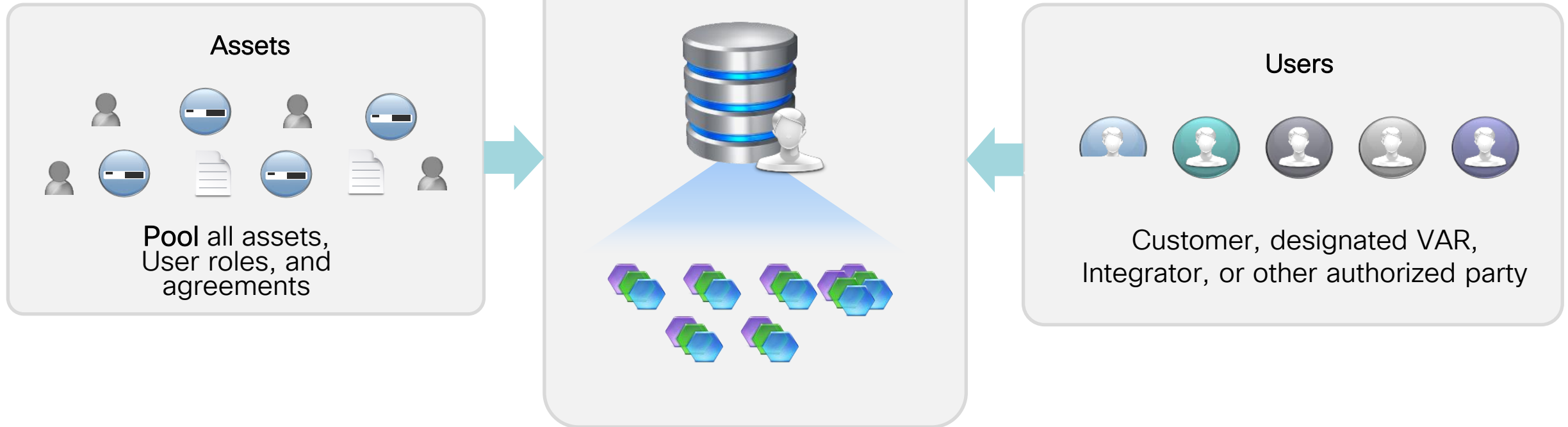
# What is Smart Licensing?

Smart Licensing is a new way of thinking about Licensing at Cisco that is being applied to all products.

Instead of **DRM**, Smart Licensing provides a Software Inventory Management System that Provides **Customers, Cisco, and Selected Partners** with information about Software Ownership and **Software Utilization**.



## What is a Cisco Smart Account?

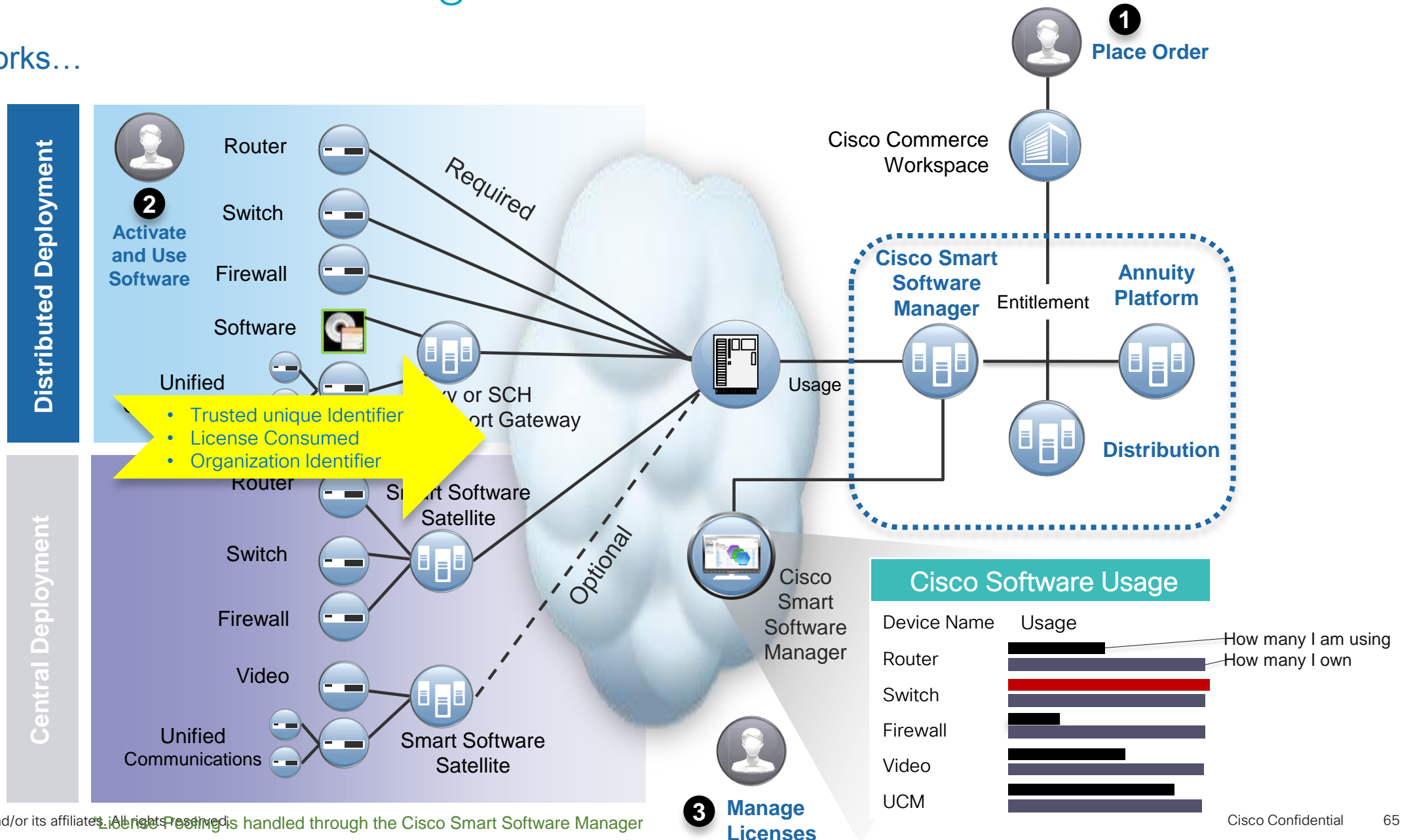


### Additional Benefits of Smart Accounts include:

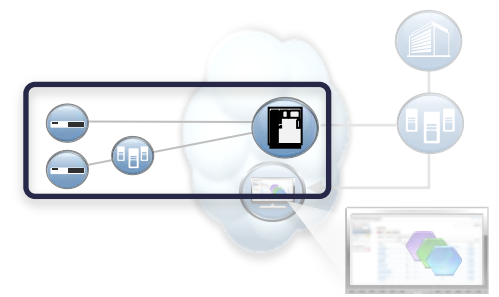
- ✓ Downloading new software
- ✓ Find out what new licenses you have
- ✓ Review Service contracts
- ✓ Review logs and specific cases you've opened
- ✓ Track Purchases

# Smart Software Licensing

How it works...



# Balancing Simplicity with Security

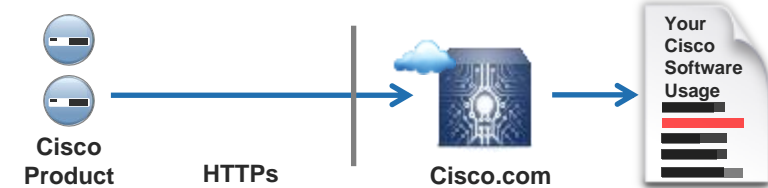


Ease of use  
↑  
Security Policy  
↓

## Options

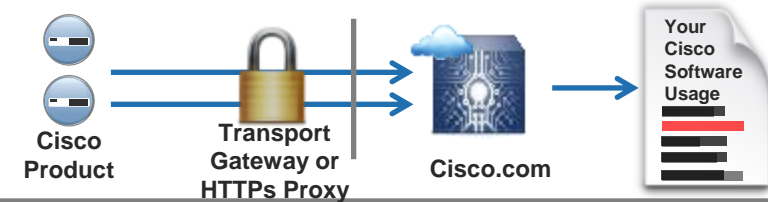
### 1 Direct cloud access

Cisco product sends usage information directly over the internet. No additional components are needed.



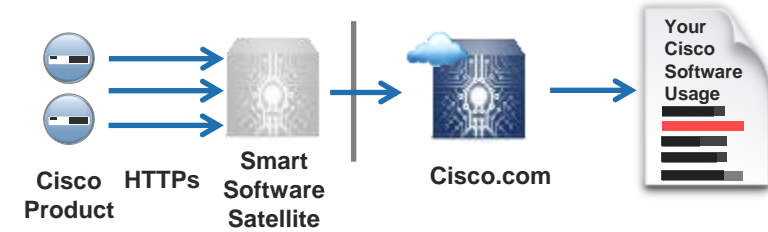
### 2 Direct cloud access through an HTTPs proxy

Cisco Products send usage information over the internet via a Proxy Server – Smart Call Home Transport Gateway (Free VM Download) or off-the-shelf Proxy (such as Apache).



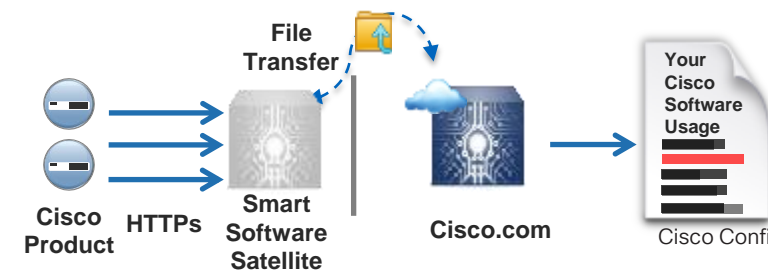
### 3 Mediated access through Smart Software Satellite, an on-premises collector – connected

Cisco Products send usage information to a local connected collector, which acts as a local license authority. Periodically, an exchange of information will be performed to keep the databases in sync.



### 4 Mediated access through Smart Software Satellite, an on-premises collector – disconnected

Cisco Products send usage information to a local disconnected collector, which acts as a local license authority. Once a month, an exchange of human readable information will be performed to keep the databases in sync.



# Smart License Rule

## The cBR-8 Operates In Two States:

- Communicating Regularly with Cisco
- Not Communicating Regularly with Cisco

**A cBR-8 That Communicates Regularly with Cisco Will NEVER Encounter License Enforcement!!!**

- License Enforcement Does NOT Impact Existing Services
- If a cBR-8 Doesn't Communicate in 90 – 180 days No Changes to the DOCSIS Config are Allowed – All Existing Services Continue to Operate
- If the cBR8's are Configured for More Licenses than are Available in the Pool, all Devices are Considered to be out of Compliance until Additional Licenses are Added to the Pool or Licenses are Released by Devices in the Pool
- “License Pool Out-of-Compliance” Syslog Error Messages are generated
- Expect a Visit from you Friendly Cisco Account Manager Looking for a PO or to Have the Licensed Functionality Reduced

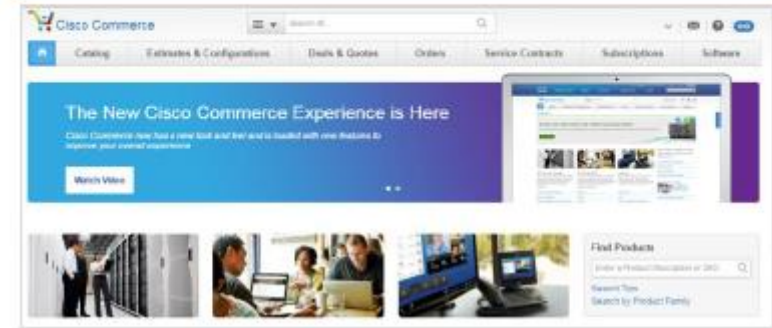
**A cBR-8 That is Operating in “License Pool Out-of-Compliance” Is Fully Functional and No Invoices are Generated**

# Smart Licensing Tools

## 1 Cisco Software Workspace (CSW) Create and Manage Smart Accounts



## 2 Cisco Commerce Workspace (CCW) Order & Assign Smart Products to Smart Accounts

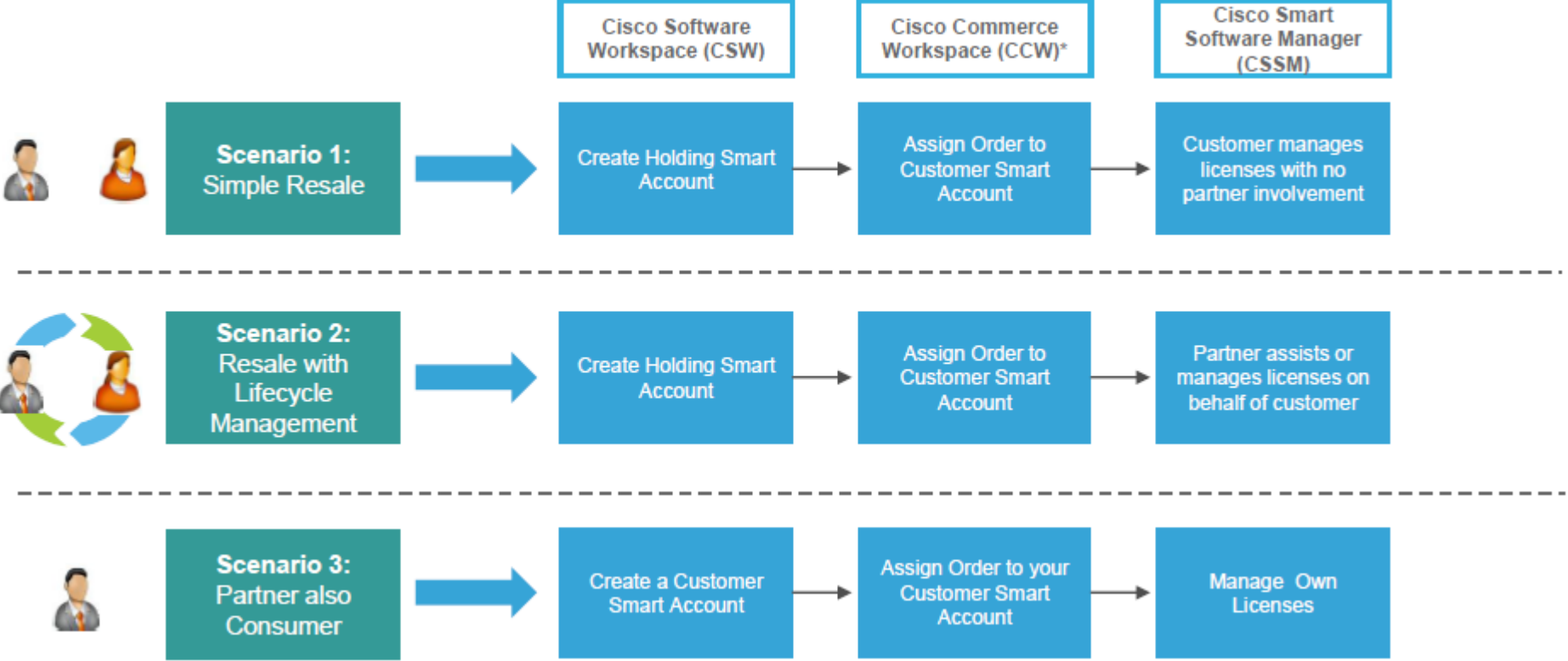


## 3 Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM) Manage Licenses and Virtual Accounts for a Customer Smart account

The screenshot shows the Cisco Smart Software Manager (CSSM) interface. The page title is 'Smart Software Manager' and it is for 'Handwaxium University'. The main content area is titled 'Smart Account' and contains a table of license transactions. The table has columns for Transaction Date, License SKU, License, License Expiration, Count, Virtual Account, and Transaction Type.

Transaction Date	License SKU	License	License Expiration	Count	Virtual Account	Transaction Type
Dec 10, 2013 13:30:47	prew_10M_Sku	prew_10M	Jan 9, 2014	1	1 Default Virtual Account	Manual Entry
Dec 10, 2013 13:30:47	prew_10M_Sku	prew_10M	Jan 9, 2014	22	1 Default Virtual Account	Manual Entry
Dec 10, 2013 13:30:47	prew_10M_Sku	prew_10M	Jan 9, 2014	2	1 Default Virtual Account	Manual Entry
Nov 26, 2013 08:40:36	prew_10M_Sku	prew_10M	Dec 5, 2013	10	CSR Dept-1	Manual Entry
Nov 25, 2013 08:40:36	prew_10M_Sku	prew_10M	Dec 5, 2013	4	CSR Dept-1	Manual Entry

# Smart Licensing – CCW Ordering Scenarios



# Summary

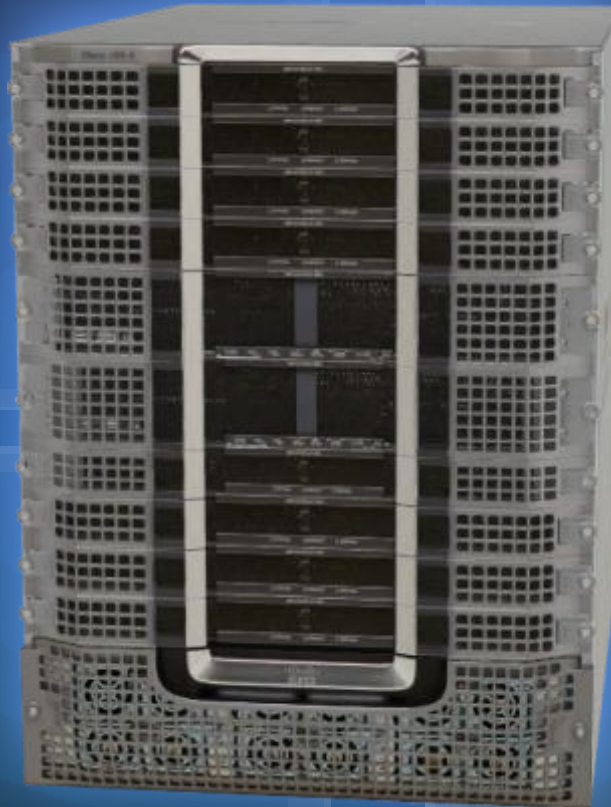
# cBR-8: Reimagining the CMTS

## Future-Proof Scalability

- 1.6 Tbps throughput
- 56 to 64 SGs with all services
- No forklift required – only chassis designed ground up for D3.1

## Maximum Performance & Reliability

- 200 Gbps forwarding
- Robust control plane
- Full redundancy with seamless switchover and hot swap



## Unmatched Software Resiliency

- Software process restart
- Zero packet loss failure recovery
- True hitless upgrades

## Pathway to Virtualization & Cloud

- SDN orchestration & service velocity
- Streamlined operations, SMART licensing
- Support for distributed architectures & virtualization

## cBR-8 is ....

- cBR-8 is later than the competitor's. But this means it is really up-to-date CCAP & D3.1 platform which is designed by the strongest CM TS vendor.
- cBR-8 is simpler h/w & s/w than the legacy platform.
- cBR-8 is not fixed & limited but extendable & scalable solution.
- Convince the customer to choose the future-proof platform. The CMTS runs over 10 years.
- Need Giga-tier service? Need cBR-8!

Thank you.

